

ICDP-2

APPROACH:

1. USE Eq. 2.43
$$S = \frac{\gamma_b (v_1^2 - v_2^2)}{2g (n_b M + f_{rl} \pm \sin \theta_g) \left[0.01 \left(1 + \frac{v_1/2}{147} \right) \right]}$$

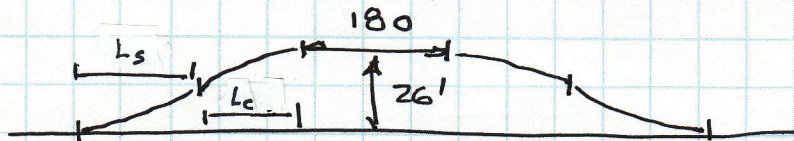
- ADD 2.5s REACTION TIME

$$K_c = \frac{S^2}{200 (\sqrt{H_1} + \sqrt{H_2})^2} \Rightarrow \text{SEE Eq 3.13}$$

$$K_s = \frac{S^2}{200 (H + S \tan \beta)} \Rightarrow \text{SEE Eq 3.19}$$

2. SOLVE AS IN 3.28
$$\frac{A_c L_c}{200} + \frac{A_s L_s}{200} = 26$$

$L_c = K_c A$; $L_s = K_s A$ GET A THEN L'S



3. DO STATIONS AND ELEVATIONS (USE $\frac{AL}{200}$)

4.
$$K_{psd} = \frac{PSD^2}{200 (\sqrt{H_1} + \sqrt{H_2})^2} \Rightarrow \text{Eq. 3.13}$$

FROM TABLE 3.4 @ 50mi/h

THEN DO PART #2 AGAIN WITH

$$K_c = K_{psd} \quad (K_s \text{ REMAINS THE SAME BUT } A \text{ WILL NOW BE DIFFERENT)}$$